

## My Approach to Marquetry

#### Bill Leonhardt





#### **Outline**

- Introduction
- Examples of Marquetry & Parquetry
- Patterns
- Material (veneers)
- Tools & Jigs
- Cutting Methods
- Boarders & Shading
- Mounting & Substrates
- Step-by-step Process
- Resources





- Marquetry
- Parquetry
- Intarsia
- Inlay
- Veneer Craft



# Veneer Craft

(In my mind this is not marquetry)





















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(for the purposes of this talk, i.e. my definition)

The creation of pictures using thin veneers of wood, often with the addition of other materials (shells, bones, gems, etc). These pictures can stand alone or be inlaid into wood objects such as furniture.



## Lots of examples to be found

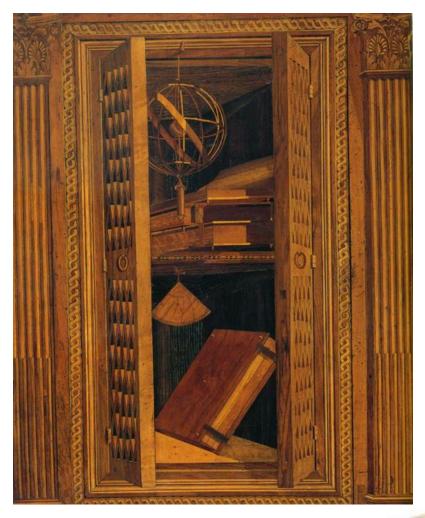




## As wall panels



Gubbio Studiolo at NY Met





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"Craftsman" style furniture ala **Gustav Stickley** 







#### more furniture





Silas Kopf













#### **Pictures**



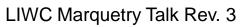
















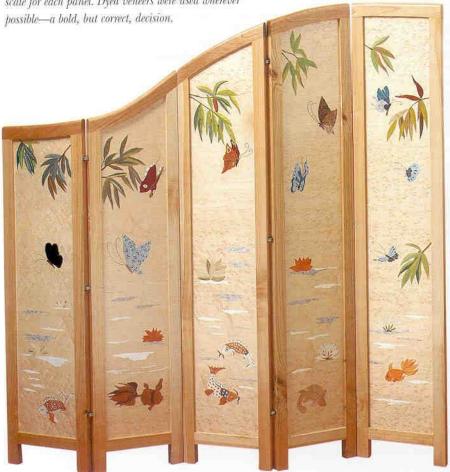
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#### FIRE SCREEN

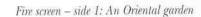
MADE BY JOHN APPS AND THE LEEDS MARQUETRY GROUP

We took the bold decision from the outset to involve as many people as possible in its construction. John's stylish frame provides the perfect surround to complement a marquetry theme. Members of the Leeds Marquetry Group each contributed to the ten panels which make up the two-sided screen. Artist and group member Elizabeth Dorree created the line drawings to scale for each panel. Dyed veneers were used wherever

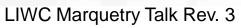




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## Parquetry

Work in the form of usually geometrically patterned wood laid or inlaid especially for floors.





## Objects









## Desk Door







#### **Floors**









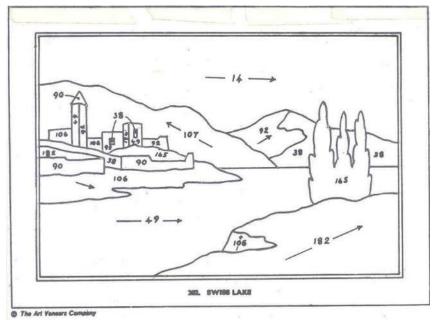
#### **Patterns**

- Purchased
- Free from clubs, web sites, etc.
- Copied from magazines
- Hand drawn





#### **Purchased Kit**







#### Club Newsletter

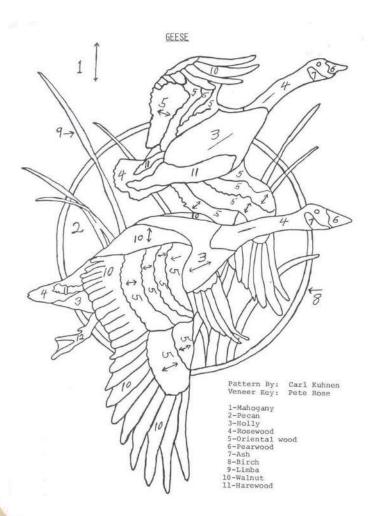






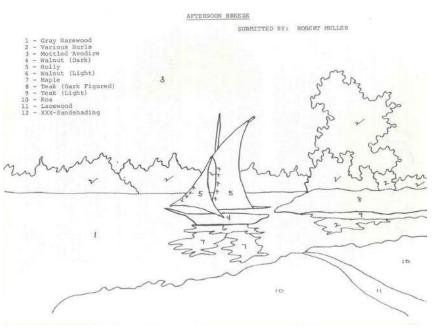
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## Again, Club Newsletter





## And, again, Club Newsletter





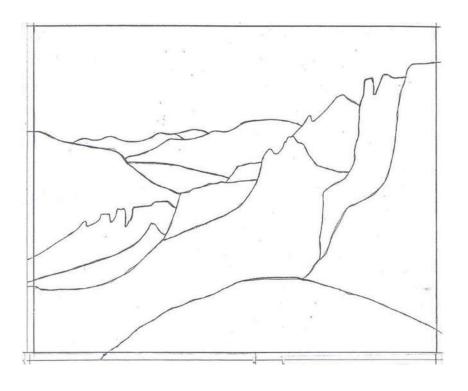


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## Magazine Photo

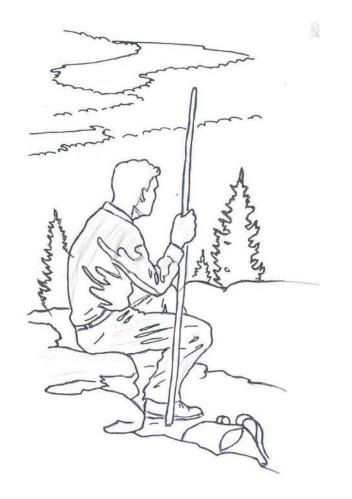


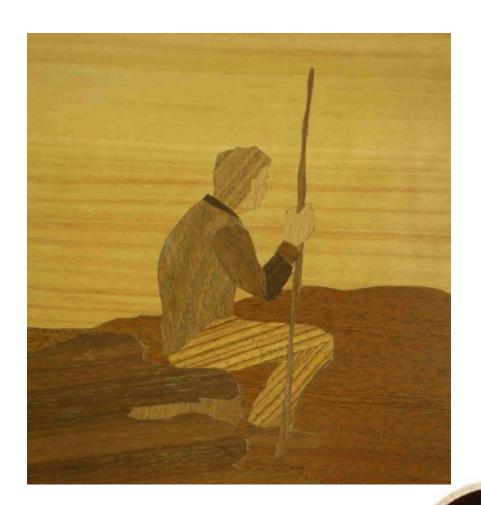


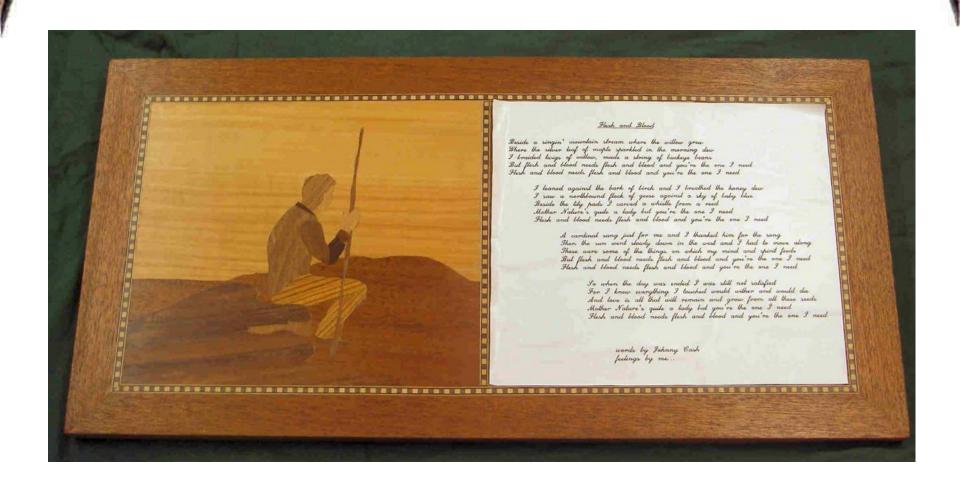




## Magazine Insert

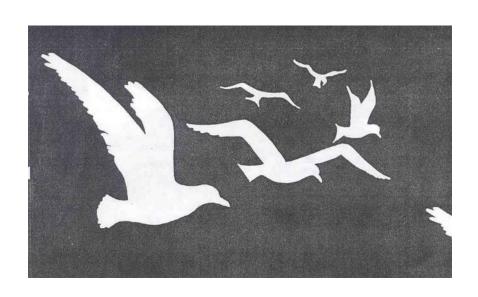


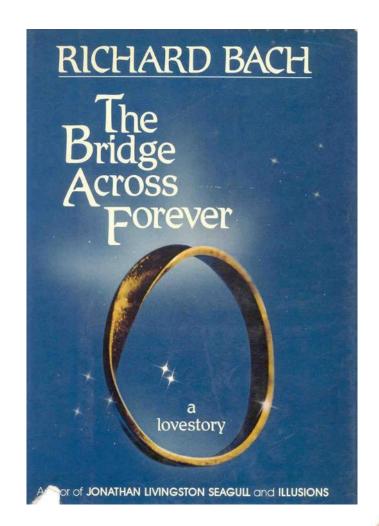






## Wrapping Paper & Book Jacket





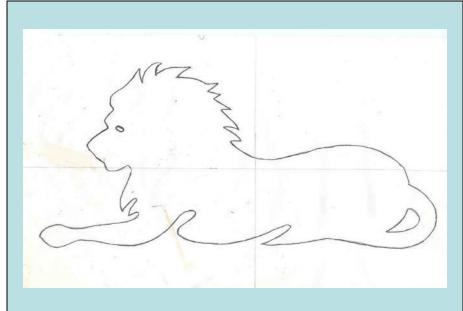




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## Clothing Label











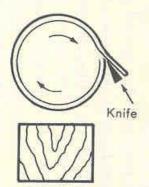
- Homemade (re-sawn)
- Purchased -Traditionally 1/28 and/or 1/40 inch thick, now 1/32 -1/40 inch
- Dyed or natural



#### DIFFERENT WAYS IN WHICH VENEERS ARE CUT

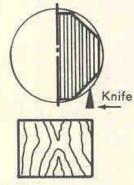
The manner in which veneers are cut is an important factor in producing the various visual effects obtained. Two logs of the same species, but with their veneers cut differently, will have entirely different visual characters even though their colors are similar.

In veneer manufacture, five principle methods of cutting veneers are used.



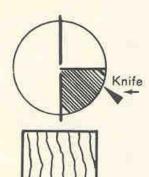
ROTARY

The log is mounted centrally in the lathe and turned against a razor sharp blade, like unwinding a roll of paper. Since this cut follows the log's annular growth rings, a bold variegated grain marking is produced. Rotary cut veneer is exceptionally wide.



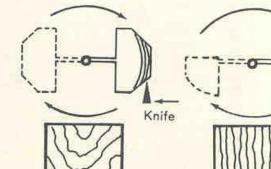
FLAT SLICING

The half log, or flitch, is mounted with the heart side flat against the guide plate of the slicer and the slicing is done parallel to a line through the center of the log. This produces a variegated figure.



QUARTER SLICING

The quarter log or flitch is mounted on the guide plate so that the growth rings of the log strike the knife at approximately right angles, producing a series of stripes, straight in some woods, varied in others.



HALF-ROUND SLICING

A variation of rotary cutting in which segments or flitches of the log are mounted off center in the lathe. This results in a cut slightly across the annular growth rings, and visually shows modified characteristics of both rotary and plain sliced veneers.



Rift cut veneer is produced in the various species of Oak. Oak has medullary ray cells which radiate from the center of the log like the curved spokes of a wheel. The rift or comb grain effect is obtained by cutting perpendicularly to these medullary rays either on the lathe or slicer.

Besides the methods shown, certain very hard woods are sawn instead of sliced. Usually sawn veneers are thicker than those from a slicing machine.

## Appliqués









### Tools & Jigs

- Craft (X-acto) knife
- #11 knife blades
- Fret saw & blades
- Steel straight edge
- Veneer tape
- Roller(s)
- Sharpening stone
- Veneer glue

- Bird's mouth
- Veneer saw
- Cardboard
- Carbon paper
- White glue
- Drafting triangle
- Masking tape
- Cutting board

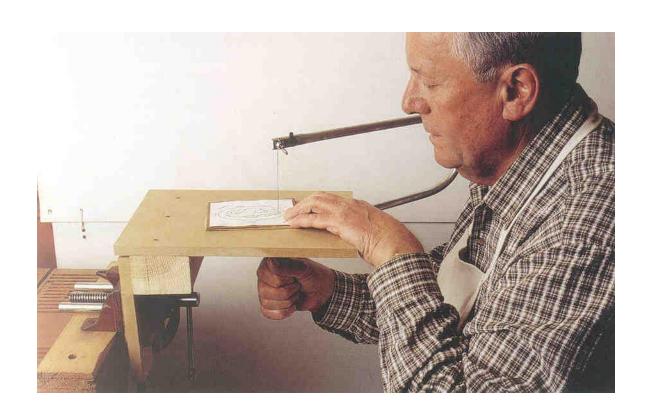








#### Fret Saw & Bird's Mouth in use





#### Chevalet









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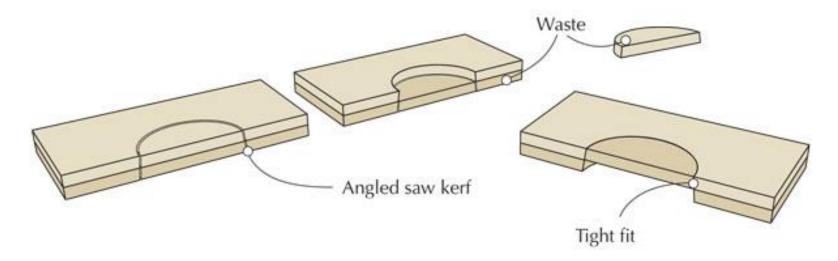
#### Scroll saw





## Cutting on a Scroll Saw

- Table is angled
- Angle determined by kerf width
- Techniques covered in a different talk.







- Window
- Pad
- Patch Pad



#### Boarders





#### Boarders





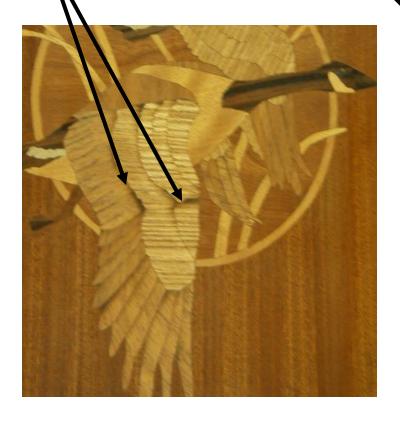




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## Shading

Shading creates shadows





### Sand Shading





Figure 13: Create a raised flat plateau

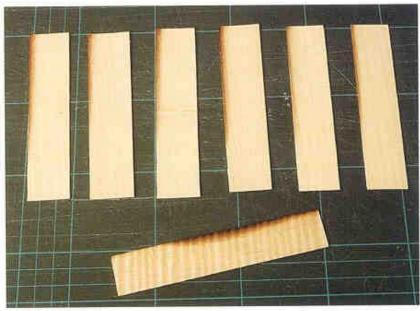


Figure 14: Spot the overcooked strip

Remember to put back the moisture if needed!

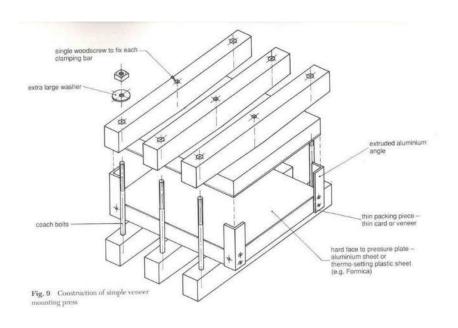


## Mounting

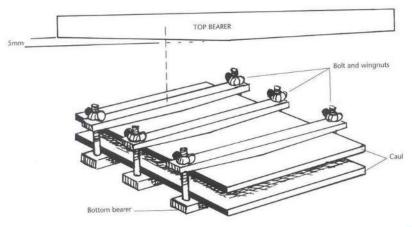
- Veneer glue (contact-like-cement)
- Conventional glue & clamping
  - Mechanical clamping
  - Vacuum bagging
    - Vacuum pump set-up
    - Wine saver
    - Food saver



## Mechanical Clamping

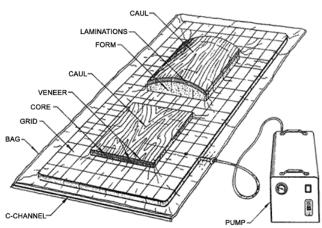


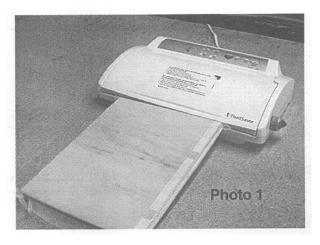




## Vacuum Clamping









#### Substrates

- Solid Wood
- Plywood
- Particle Board
- MDF (medium density fiberboard)
- ???



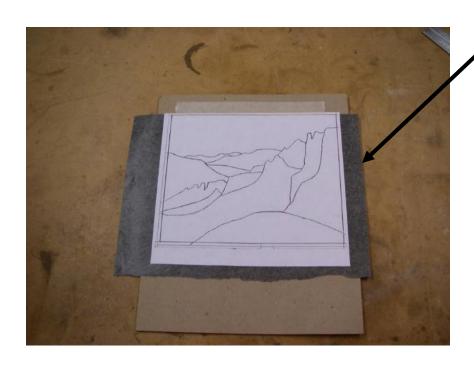


## Step-by-step Example





#### Mount Pattern & Transfer



IMPORTANT – Mount pattern so it can hinge up and always return to the same place.

Carbon paper



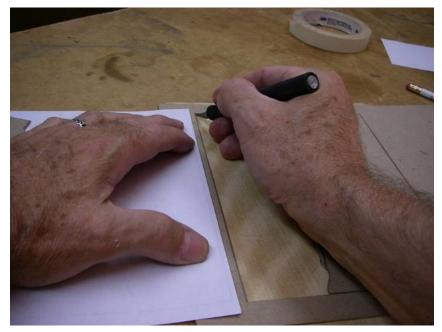
## Cut First Window Align Veneer

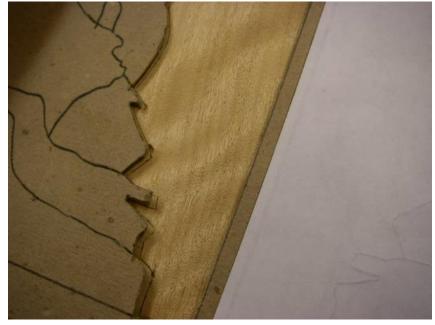






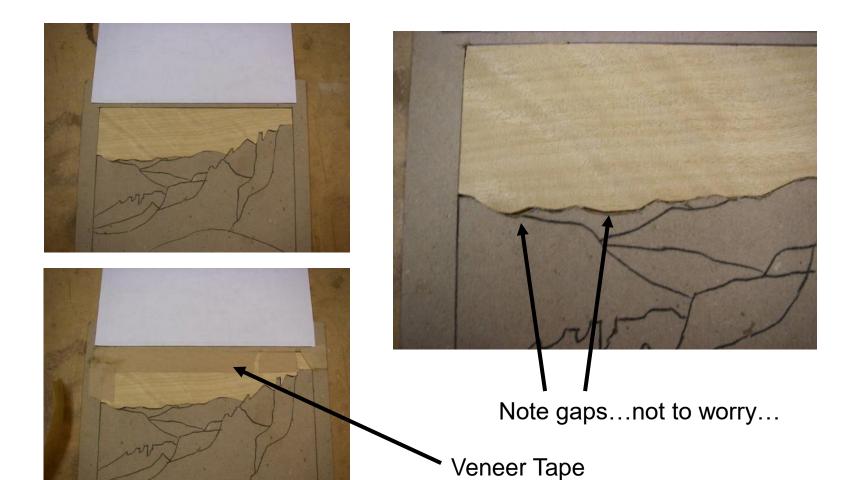








## Insert Veneer into Window & Tape





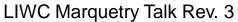
### Cut Next Window Make Pad



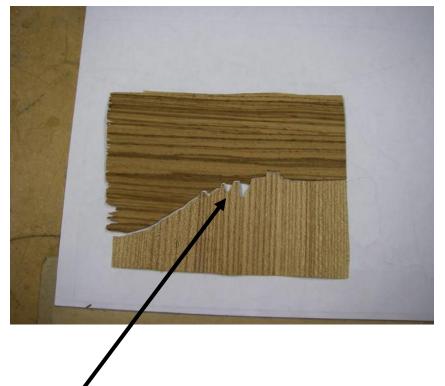


## Fret Saw Complex Curves

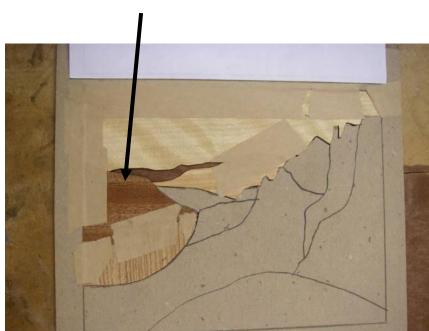




#### Interleaf Pad & Insert







Replacement piece - OK

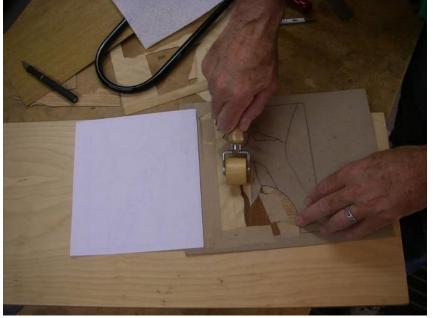




## Cut More Windows Use Roller to Aid Install









## Finish Cutting Windows & Veneer Insert Veneer





Good side Glue side



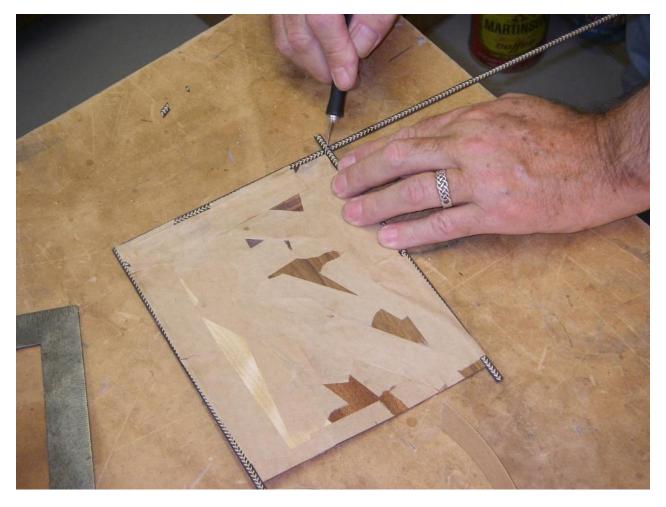
# Cut Picture Free from Cardboard Trim Square with Drafting Triangle



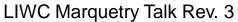




## Cut and Tape On Boarder Miter Boarder







## Cut & Tape Frame Pieces







### Miter Frame Pieces







- This is your last chance to change anything SO....
- Look the joints over for large gaps
- Replace any pieces you're not happy with







- Cut back & edges from same material as frame
- Cut substrate smaller than picture by about 1/8" on all sides. Important – the amount you make the substrate smaller must be equal in height and width so the miters line up properly
- Cut and relieve glue blocks



## Glue-up Assembly Order

- 1. Attach back and trim
- 2. Attach sides and trim
- 3. Attach top & bottom and trim
- 4. Attach front and trim

Note – Trimming done in these steps is with a veneer saw.



## Glue Back, Press with Roller & Trim















# Glue Sides, Press with Roller & Trim Glue Top and Bottom, Press with Roller & Trim







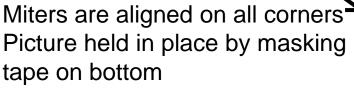






#### Dry Align Front Tack Down Blocks







Glue blocks keep miters aligned



# Glue Front and Remove Press with Roller & Trim









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## Wet Tape and Gently Remove













# Roll Down Surface Very Well



#### Fill

Fill cracks
with a
mixture
of very
fine saw
dust and
white
glue





# When the glue dries, sand and finish as desired









#### All Done!!!





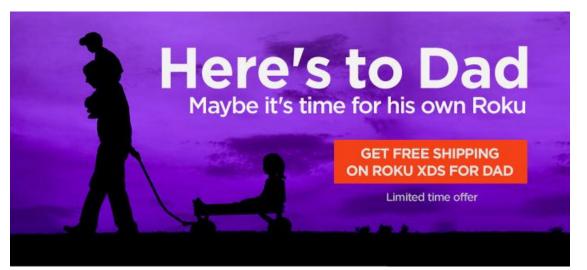
### Some pictures I have done















# Gary & Rose





### Manhattan Henge











#### **Neckless Cabinets**













#### Resources

American Marquetry Society
 Local groups but none on Long Island
 Newsletter, 4/year, patterns, techniques, etc.

Annual show

- Yahoo Groups
  - Marquetry
  - Parquetry
- Google
- Library –books & videos

